

This information is for promotional purposes only. Space considerations may require information to be omitted.
 Always refer to the actual package for complete label verbiage. This product may not yet be available or approved for sale or use in your area.

AZOXYSTROBIN	GROUP	11	FUNGICIDE
DIFENOCONAZOLE	GROUP	3	FUNGICIDE

PROTÉGÉ®

Contains difenoconazole and azoxystrobin, the active ingredient used in Briskway™.

A broad-spectrum fungicide for prevention and control of listed diseases in golf course turfgrasses only

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	(% by weight)
Azoxystrobin*.....	18.2%
Difenoconazole**.....	11.4%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	70.4%
TOTAL:	100.0%

*CAS No. 131860-33-8

**CAS No. 119446-68-3

Protégé® is a suspension concentrate (SC) formulation that contains 1.67 lb of azoxystrobin and 1.05 lb of difenoconazole per gallon.

EPA Reg. No.: 91234-143

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
 (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See below for additional Precautionary Statements.

Protégé® is not manufactured, or distributed by Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC, seller of Briskway™.

FIRST AID	
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOT LINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at 1-844-685-9173 for emergency medical treatment information.	

**For Chemical Emergency:
Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,
Call CHEMTREC Day or Night
Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)**

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals
CAUTION**

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear protective eyewear. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyvinyl chloride, nitrile rubber or butyl rubber.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Difenoconazole is toxic to fish, mammals and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to estuarine/marine organisms in water adjacent to treated area. Azoxystrobin is toxic to freshwater and estuarine/marine fish and aquatic invertebrates.

Azoxystrobin can be persistent for several months or longer. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate.

Groundwater Advisory

Azoxystrobin and a degradate of azoxystrobin are known to leach through soil to groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Surface Water Advisory

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of azoxystrobin and a degradate of azoxystrobin from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

Notify State and/or Federal authorities and Atticus, LLC immediately if you observe any adverse environmental effects due to use of this product.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not mix or allow coming into contact with oxidizing agents, hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW DIRECTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN TURF INJURY AND/OR POOR DISEASE CONTROL.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.



PRODUCT INFORMATION

Protégé is a broad-spectrum systemic product containing two fungicides. It has preventative and curative properties. **Protégé** provides excellent disease control of many major turfgrass diseases. **Protégé** may be applied as a foliar spray and integrated into a resistance management program. All applications need to be made according to the use directions that follow.

POLLINATOR ADVISORY STATEMENT: This product may adversely impact the forage and habitat of local pollinators, including the monarch butterfly (and its larvae), birds, or bats if it reaches non-target areas. Protect pollinators by following label directions to minimize spray drift.

USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

- **DO NOT** apply by air.
- **DO NOT** apply this product through any type of irrigation system (CHEMIGATION).
- **DO NOT** spray **Protégé** where spray drift may reach apple trees. **Protégé** is extremely phytotoxic to certain apple varieties.

USE INFORMATION

Application: Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control. Make no more spray solution than is needed for application.

For control of foliar diseases, allow **Protégé** applications to completely dry prior to irrigating. For control of soil-borne diseases, **Protégé** can be watered in after application.

Adjuvants: When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Atticus, LLC advises the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant.

Efficacy: Under certain conditions conducive to extended infection periods, use another registered fungicide for additional applications if the maximum amount of **Protégé** has been used. If resistant isolates to Group 3 or Group 11 fungicides are present, efficacy can be reduced for certain diseases. The higher rates in the rate range and/or shorter spray intervals may be required under conditions of heavy infection pressure with highly susceptible varieties, or when environmental conditions are conducive to disease.

Protégé controls certain pathogens causing foliar, stem and root diseases including leaf and stem blights, leaf spots, patch diseases, mildews, anthracnose, fairy rings, molds, and rusts of turfgrass plants.

Integrated Pest Management (IPM): **Protégé** needs to be integrated into an overall disease and pest management strategy whenever the use of a fungicide is required.

Sound turf management resulting in healthy, vigorous turf is the foundation of a good IPM program. Cultural practices such as proper choice of turf variety, nutrient management, proper cutting height, thatch management, and proper watering, drainage, and moisture stress management need to be integrated with the use of fungicides to increase turf vigor and reduce susceptibility to disease. Immunoassay detection kits and Extension service diagnostic services can assist in the early and accurate identification of causal organisms and corresponding selection of the proper fungicide when required.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

AZOXYSTROBIN	GROUP	11	FUNGICIDE
DIFENOCONAZOLE	GROUP	3	FUNGICIDE

For resistance management, please note that **Protégé** contains both a Group 11/azoxystrobin and Group 3/difenoconazole fungicide. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **Protégé** and other Group 11 or Group 3 fungicides. A gradual of total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies need to be followed.

To delay fungicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of **Protégé** or other Group 11 and Group 3 fungicides. Do not apply more than two sequential applications of **Protégé** for control of gray leaf spot. For all other diseases when gray leaf spot is not present, do not apply more than three sequential applications of **Protégé**.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicide from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting; uses historical information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM directions for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Atticus, LLC at www.atticusllc.com. You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

Some turf disease pathogens are known to have developed resistance to products used repeatedly for their control. **Protégé** should be alternated with other registered fungicides that have a different mode of action and to which pathogen resistance has not developed. Since **Protégé** is a QoI fungicide (Group 11 fungicide) and a DMI fungicide (Group 3 fungicide), avoid alternations with other QoIs such as pyraclostrobin, fluoxastrobin and trifloxystrobin or other DMI's such as propiconazole, tebuconazole and metaconazole. Addition of, or alternation to, a fungicide with Pythium activity such as Subdue® MAXX fungicide may be required if Pythium diseases are a major concern.

Turfgrass Resistance: **Protégé** plant resistance has been found to be acceptable for all turfgrass species; however, not all possible tank-mix combinations have been tested under all conditions. When possible, it is advised to test the combinations on a small portion of the turf to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur as a result of application.



MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT

Ground Applications

- Apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy unless making a turf, pasture, or rangeland application, in which case applicators may apply with a nozzle height no more than 4 feet above the ground.
- For applications prior to the emergence of crops and target weeds, applicators are required to use a Coarse or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- For all other applications, applicators are required to use a Medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

Boom-less Ground Applications:

- Applicators are required to use a Medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1) for all applications.
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.
- Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

Handheld Technology Applications:

- Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

Spray Drift Advisories

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.

BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

- Volume - Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure - Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle - Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom

Use the lowest boom height that is compatible with the spray nozzles that will provide uniform coverage. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS.

Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

MIXING AND APPLICATION METHODS

Spray Equipment

Nozzles

- Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application.
- Nozzles need to be the same size and uniformly spaced across the boom.
- Calibrate sprayer before use.
- It is suggested that screens be used to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging.
- Screens placed on suction side of pump need to be 16-mesh or coarser.
- **DO NOT** place a screen in the recirculation line.
- Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at the nozzles.
- Check nozzle manufacturer's directions.

Pump

- Use a pump with capacity to:
 - Maintain 35-40 psi at nozzles.
 - Provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension – this requires recirculation of 10% of tank volume per minute.
- Use a jet agitator or liquid sparge tube for agitation.
- **DO NOT** air sparge.

For more information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturers and state directions. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural directions.

Mixing Instructions

Protégé is a suspension concentrate (SC) formulation.

Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product.

Make up only the amount of spray required for the immediate use.

To prepare a spray solution, partially fill the spray tank with clean water and begin agitation. Add the specified amount of **Protégé** to the tank, allowing time for good dispersion, then add an adjuvant, if specified.

DO NOT use silicone-based products with **Protégé** due to possible phytotoxicity.

If tank mixes are required, products need to be added to the spray tank in the following order: **Protégé**, WG or dry flowable formulations, wettable powders and flowable (aqueous suspensions) products. Finish filling the spray tank to the desired volume to obtain the proper spray concentration.

Maintain agitation throughout the spraying operation. Do not allow spray mixture to stand overnight or for prolonged periods. If spray tank mixture is unsprayed for more than 18 hours (overnight), re-suspend product with agitation for 20 minutes.

Rinse spray tank thoroughly with clean water after each day's use and dispose of pesticide rinsate by application to an already treated area.

Protégé Alone (No Tank Mix)

- Add 1/2 - 2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- With the agitator running, add **Protégé** to the tank.
- Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water.
- Begin application of the spray solution after **Protégé** has completely dispersed into the mix water.
- Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been sprayed.

Protégé + Tank Mixtures

Protégé is usually compatible with many tank-mix partners registered for use on turf. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

If tank mixes are desired, observe all directions, precautions and limitations on labeling of all products used. Consult compatibility charts or your local or State turf authority for compatibility information. **DO NOT** combine **Protégé** in the spray tank with pesticides, surfactants, or fertilizers, unless compatibility charts or your own prior use has shown that the combination is physically compatible, effective, and non-injurious under your conditions of use.

To determine the physical compatibility of **Protégé** with other products, use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 qt of water. Add wettable powders and water dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

Mixing in the Spray Tank

- Add 1/2 - 2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- With the agitator running, add the tank-mix partner(s) into the tank in the same order as described above.
- Allow the material to completely dissolve and disperse into the mix water. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water and **Protégé** to the spray tank.
- Allow **Protégé** to completely disperse.
- Spray the mixture with the agitator running.

Application Instructions

- **DO NOT** apply by air.
- **DO NOT** apply this product through any type of irrigation system. (CHEMIGATION).

Protégé may be applied with all types of spray equipment commonly used for making ground applications. Proper adjustments and calibration of spraying equipment to give good coverage is essential for good disease control.

Ground Application

- Apply in sufficient water to provide good coverage. Typical application volumes range from 30 to 450 gallons of spray per acre.
- Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control.



SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Target Diseases	Use Rate (fl oz product per 1000 sq ft)	Use Rate (fl oz product per acre)	Application Interval (days)	Application Instructions*
Anthraxnose (<i>Colletotrichum cereale</i>) (formerly known as <i>C. graminicola</i>)	0.3 to 0.725 (0.0039 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0024 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	13.1 to 31.6 (0.17 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.1 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14	Use preventatively. Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease infection, prior to disease symptom development. For optimum disease control, alternate Protégé with contact fungicides such as Daconil® brand products.
Brown Patch and Large Patch/Zoysia Patch (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.3 to 0.725 (0.0039 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0024 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	13.1 to 31.6 (0.17 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.1 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14-28	For cool-season turfgrasses, apply when conditions are favorable for disease development. For large patch of all warm-season turfgrasses, make 1 or 2 applications in fall prior to infection or when conditions are favorable for infection. A spring application prior to green-up may be required based on length of the infection period. Initiate first application for large patch/zoysia patch when soil temperature at a 2-4" depth averages 65° F.
Leaf and Sheath Spot (<i>Waitea circinata</i> var. <i>zeae</i> / <i>Chrysorhiza zeae</i> , formerly <i>R. zeae</i>)	0.5 to 0.725 (0.0065 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.004 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	21.8 to 31.6 (0.28 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.17 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14-28	For leaf and sheath spot, apply when conditions are favorable for infection such as sequential days, periods of temperatures at or above 90°F. Curative control may necessitate several applications. Use higher rates at shorter intervals for curative control. Direct spray applications at crown of turfgrass.
Brown Ring Patch (<i>Waitea circinata</i> var. <i>circinata</i>)	0.5 to 0.725 (0.0065 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.004 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	21.8 to 31.6 (0.28 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.17 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14-28	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Cool Weather Brown Patch, Yellow Patch (<i>Ceratorhiza cerealis</i> , formerly <i>Rhizoctonia</i> <i>cerealis</i>)	0.5 to 0.725 (0.0065 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.004 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	21.8 to 31.6 (0.28 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.17 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14-28	Make 1 or 2 applications in fall or when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Dollar Spot (<i>Sclerotinia homoeocarpa</i>)	0.3 to 0.725 (0.0039 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0024 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	13.1 to 31.6 (0.17 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.1 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14-21	Apply preventatively when conditions are favorable for disease development. For optimum disease control, alternate Protégé with contact fungicides such as a Daconil brand product. If dollar spot is active, use higher rates and combine with a Daconil brand product.
Fairy Ring (<i>Lycoperdon</i> spp., <i>Agrocybe</i> <i>pediades</i> , and <i>Bovistra plumbea</i>)	0.5 to 0.725 (0.0065 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.004 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	21.8 to 31.6 (0.17 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.1 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14-28	For preventative control of fairy ring, apply early in the spring prior to the development of symptoms. Apply in 2-4 gallons of water per 1000 sq ft. Irrigate into the thatch prior to the spray drying. Repeat the application within 14 to 28 days after the first application. For curative control, apply as soon as possible after fairy ring symptoms develop. Apply in 2-4 gallons of water per 1000 sq ft and irrigate lightly after application. Add the specified rate of a wetting agent to the final spray. Severely damaged or thin turf may require reseeding. Fairy ring symptoms may take 2 to 3 weeks to disappear following application. If area is hydrophobic, use wetting agents and irrigate prior to application(s) of Protégé . Reapplication after 28 days may be required in some cases.
Microdochium Patch (Formerly known as Fusarium Patch) (<i>Microdochium nivale</i>)	0.5 to 0.725 (0.0065 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.004 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	21.8 to 31.6 (0.17 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.1 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14-28	Use preventatively. Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease infection, prior to disease symptom development.

(continued)

SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS FOR USE (cont.)

Target Diseases	Use Rate (fl oz product per 1000 sq ft)	Use Rate (fl oz product per acre)	Application Interval (days)	Application Instructions*
*Gray Leaf Spot (<i>Pyricularia grisea</i>)	0.5 to 0.725 (0.0065 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.004 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	21.8 to 31.6 (0.17 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.1 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14-21	Use Protégé in a preventative disease control program. Begin applications before disease is present and alternate with other fungicide chemistries that control gray leaf spot.
Leaf Rust Stem Rust Stripe Rust (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.)	0.5 to 0.725 (0.0065 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.004 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	21.8 to 31.6 (0.17 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.1 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14-28	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease infection, prior to disease symptom development.
Leaf Spot (<i>Bipolaris sorokiniana</i> , <i>Bipolaris</i> <i>cynodontis</i> , <i>bipolaris</i> spp.)	0.5 to 0.725 (0.0065 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.004 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	21.8 to 31.6 (0.17 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.1 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14-21	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Melting Out (<i>Drechslera poae</i>)	0.5 to 0.725 (0.0065 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.004 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	21.8 to 31.6 (0.17 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.1 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14-21	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development
Necrotic Ring Spot (<i>Ophiostoma korrae</i>)	0.725 (0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	31.6 (0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14-28	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development
Pink Patch (<i>Limonomyses roseipellis</i>)	0.5 to 0.725 (0.0065 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.004 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	21.8 to 31.6 (0.17 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.1 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14-28	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development
Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe graminis</i>)	0.5 to 0.725 (0.0065 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.004 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	21.8 to 31.6 (0.17 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.1 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14-28	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease infection, prior to disease symptom development.
Red Thread (<i>Laetisaria fuciformis</i>)	0.5 to 0.725 (0.0065 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.004 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	21.8 to 31.6 (0.17 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.1 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14-28	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development
Southern Blight (<i>Sclerotium rolfsii</i>)	0.5 to 0.725 (0.0065 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.004 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	21.8 to 31.6 (0.17 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.1 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14-28	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development
Summer Patch (<i>Magnaporthe poae</i>)	0.5 to 0.725 (0.0065 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.004 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	21.8 to 31.6 (0.17 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.1 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	14-28	Initiate applications when soil temperatures reach 65°F at a 2inch soil depth.
Take-All Patch (<i>Gaeumannomyces</i> <i>graminis</i> var. <i>avenae</i>)	0.5 to 0.725 (0.0065 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.004 lb difenoconazole to 0.0094 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.0058 lb difenoconazole)	21.8 to 31.6 (0.17 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.1 lb difenoconazole to 0.41 lb azoxystrobin/ 0.25 lb difenoconazole)	28	Begin applications prior to disease symptom development. Make two applications 28 days apart in the spring and two applications 28 days apart in the fall.

Restrictions

- ***DO NOT** apply more than two sequential applications of **Protégé** for control of gray leaf spot. For all other diseases when gray leaf spot is not present, **DO NOT** apply more than three sequential applications of **Protégé**.
- The annual limit for the active ingredient azoxystrobin in turf is 5.0 lb ai per acre per year (0.115 lb ai per 1000 square feet).
- The annual limit for the active ingredient difenoconazole in turf is 0.52 lb ai per acre per year (0.012 lb ai per 1000 square feet).
- **DO NOT** apply any product or products containing difenoconazole labeled for turf use in a manner that would exceed the annual limit of 0.52 lb difenoconazole per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply any product or products containing azoxystrobin labeled for turf use in a manner that would exceed the annual limit of 5.0 lb azoxystrobin per acre per year.
- One gallon of **Protégé** (128 fl oz) contains 1.67 lb azoxystrobin and 1.05 lb difenoconazole.
- Do not apply more than one-half gallon (64 fl. oz.) **Protégé** per acre per year (1.47 fl oz **Protégé** per 1000 square feet per year). This annual rate delivers 0.84 lb azoxystrobin/acre/year and the annual maximum of 0.52 lb difenoconazole/acre/year.
- Additional applications of registered turf products containing azoxystrobin are allowed until the annual limit of 5.0 lb azoxystrobin per acre per year is achieved.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 14 days for all diseases except Take-All Patch (RTI: 28 days)
- **DO NOT** apply more than 31.6 fl oz of **Protégé** per acre (0.725 fl oz of **Protégé** per 1,000 sq ft) in a single application.
- **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year at reduced rate of 13.1 fl oz of **Protégé** per acre (0.3 fl oz of **Protégé** per 1,00 sq ft).

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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

For plastic containers ≤ 5 gallons: Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.

For plastic containers > 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Recap and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE. Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If these terms and conditions are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, injury, and other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application (including misuse), the presence of other materials, weather conditions, and other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of ATTICUS, LLC. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, ATTICUS, LLC makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond statements on this label. **LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither ATTICUS, LLC the manufacturer, nor the Seller shall be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use, handling, application, storage, or disposal of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use, handling, application, or storage of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid.

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